

**Autoimmune Diabetes** 

Stockholm NASDAQ First North Growth Market - DMYD B

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# **Targeting Autoimmune Diabetes**



#### **Leading clinical stage pipeline**

- First-in-class disease modifying therapy Diamyd® with FDA Fast Track designation and US Orphan
   Drug Designation
- R&D partnership with Breakthrourgh T1D (formerly JDRF) centered around pivotal Phase 3 trial



#### De-risked development program

- Responder patients identified for Diamyd<sup>®</sup>, significantly increasing likelihood for success in pivotal program
- Excellent safety profile, simple procedure, precision medicine approach, Fast Track designation and
   Orphan designation support successful commercialization and pricing strategy
- High willingness to prescribe and premium pricing based on US primary market research



#### Strong growth opportunity

- Multibillion dollar market and label expansion opportunities
- Pivotal program in Type 1 Diabetes (Diamyd®), Prevention program Type 1 Diabetes (Diamyd®), establishing internal GMP biomanufacturing facility



#### **Experienced team**

- Significant **operational experience** in **clinical development** within diabetes
- Access to world leading scientists and clinical experts



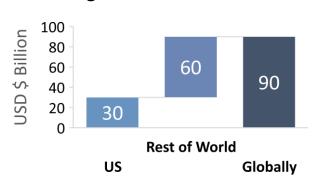
### Autoimmune Diabetes: Unmet need & economic burden

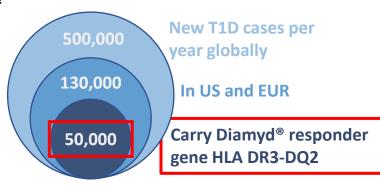
#### Type 1 Diabetes (T1D)

#### ~ 500,000 new cases every year

- More common in Western countries, especially Scandinavia
- Life-long dependence on insulin therapy and blood glucose monitoring

#### >\$90 BN global annual economic burden\*



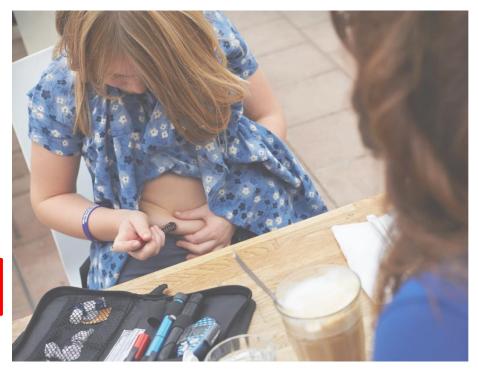


- Estimated US pricing ~\$ 200,000
- Market for Type 1 Diabetes with HLA DR3-DQ2 in the US alone \$5BN+

#### **Latent Autoimmune Diabetes in Adults (LADA)**

#### >2 million new cases every year

- 10% of all Type 2 Diabetes patients may have autoimmune diabetes with GAD autoantibodies and faster progression to insulin dependence
- Common in Western countries, but also in India, China and Japan



High risk of serious complications, shorter lifeexpectancy, decreased quality of life and significant health economic costs

Disease modifying therapies for T1D are predicted to have a multibillion-dollar economic impact - in the US alone



### ACCELERATING INTEREST FOR AUTOIMMUNE DIABETES FROM PHARMA & REGULATORS

Feb 2024	<b>FDA</b> grants <b>Fast Track</b> designation to $Diamyd^{\text{@}}$ for improving glycemic control in Stage 3 T1D
Mar 2023	<b>\$2.9 billion</b> acquisition of <b>Provention Bio</b> by <b>Sanofi</b> . <b>FDA-approved</b> immunotherapy <b>TZIELD</b> to delay onset of T1D. Sanofi leading concerted effort to raise T1D awareness and build the screening and treatment infrastructure for disease-mofifying therapies.
2019-2023	Vertex Pharmaceuticals acquired Semma Therapeutics in 2019 (\$950M) and ViaCyte in 2022 (\$320M); CRISPR Therapeutics \$100M upfront licensing deal in 2023
Apr 2023	<b>Novo Nordisk</b> partnership with <b>Aspect Biosystems</b> (\$75M upfront and milestones up to \$650M) to produce 3D printed cells
Jun 2023	FDA approved cell therapy Lantidra for treatment of difficult-to-control adult T1D
Jun 2023	Eli Lilly acquired cell therapy company <b>Sigilon</b> in 2023 (deal worth up to \$500M)



**Clinical Pipeline** 

PROGRAM		DEVELOPMENT				STATUS	
Study / Indication	Asset	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Global Rights	Milestones
DIAGNODE-3 Recent-onset Stage 3 T1D with HLA DR3-DQ2 & GADA	nt-onset Stage 3 T1D with  Diamyd® Fast track designation, Orphan designation, R&D partnership with JDRF						Ongoing in EU & US, interim analysis July/August 2024
DiaPrecise Stage 1 & 2 T1D with HLA DR3- DQ2 & GADA  Diamyd®  Diamyd®							Started Q4 2023
DIAGNODE-B T1D with HLA DR3-DQ2 & GADA; 4th or 5th "booster" dose  Diamyd®					Diamyd	<b>Completed</b> , topline results Q4 2023	
GADinLADA LADA with HLA DR3-DQ2 & GADA	Diamyd <sup>®</sup>					Diamyd	Completed, topline presented at EASD 2022, published
RegGenerate-1 T1D for more than 5 years Remygen®						Diamyd	Completed, topline announced Q2 2023
Insulin-based antigen-specific thera and prevent T1D with HLA DR4-DQ							

Significant label expansion opportunities for Diamyd®

Stage 3
T1D
Stage
1&2 T1D

Boosters, sc admin in <8-yo

**LADA** 

Combina tions



# **Diamyd**®

Recombinant GAD65 Formulated in Alum (rhGAD65/alum)

#### **Primary Indication (orphan designation)**

Type 1 Diabetes (stage 3) with residual beta cell function and HLA type DR3-DQ2

#### **Label Expansion**

Type 1 Diabetes prevention (stage 1 & 2), LADA

#### **Mechanism of Action**

*Induce immunological tolerance against GAD65* 

#### **Clinical Effect and Benefit**

Preserve the endogenous insulin production, reduce short- and long-term complications

#### **Mode of Administration**

Three intranodal injections one month apart

#### **Development Status**

Phase III — Stage 3 T1D
Phase I/II — Stage 1&2 T1D
Phase I/II - LADA

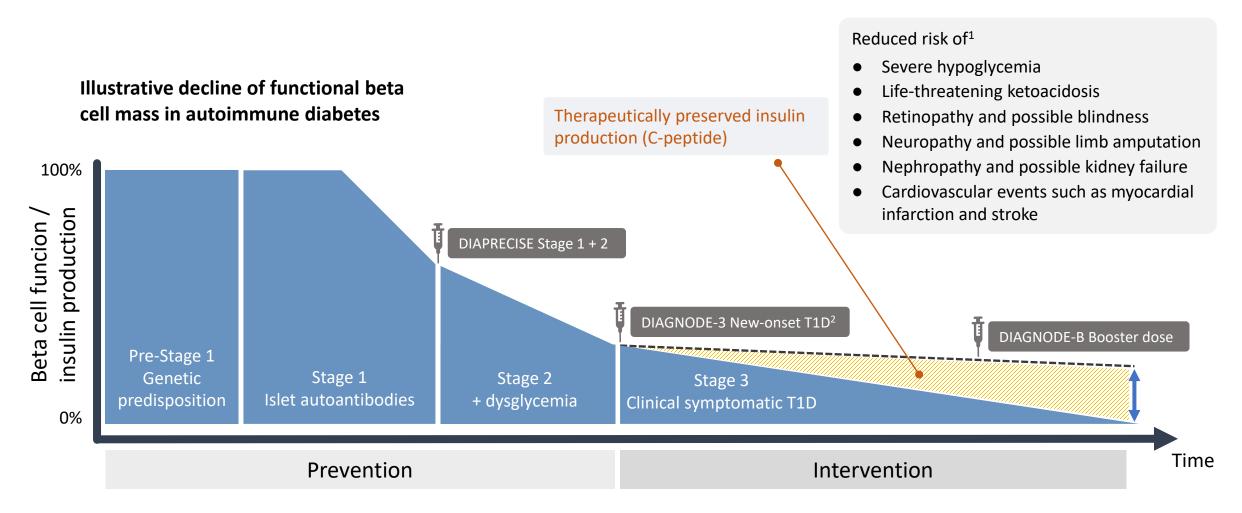
#### **Licensing Status**

Global rights available



# Focus on preemptive medicine

Diamyd<sup>®</sup> is designed to prevent diabetes complications and improve glucose control by stopping the autoimmune destruction of beta cells



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Lam et al. J Clin Invest. 2021 Feb 1;131(3):e143683. Gubitosi-Klug et al. J Clin Invest. 2021;131(3):e143011. McGee et al. Diabet Med. 2014;31(10):1264–1268. doi: 10.1111/dme.12504. Steffes et al. Diabetes Care. 2003;26(3):832–836. Palmer et al. Diabetes. 2004;53(1):250–264.DCCT Investigators. Ann Intern Med. 1998;128(7):517–23. Within 6 months from clinical diagnosis of (Stage 3) clinical T1D



# The antigen-specific immunotherapy Diamyd® (rhGAD65 in alum)



Precision Medicine - Treating the right patient at the right time with the right drug

Identify responders
with HLA DR3-DQ2
(40% of T1D in EUR +
US) with routinely
available testing

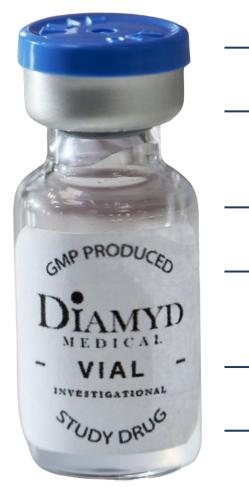
3 x simple monthly injections to stop the autoimmune destruction of beta cells

Improve glucose control (HbA1c & Time in Range) and prevent diabetes complications



# Diamyd® (rhGAD65 formulated in aluminium hydroxide)

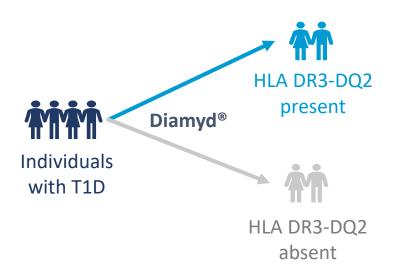
In Pivotal Phase 3 Program (recent-onset) aligned with FDA and EMA



- Strong safety profile evaluated in almost 1,000 persons aged 4-70 years
- Compelling efficacy for preserving insulin producing capacity and improving glucose control based on data from >600 patients
- Simple and short treatment only 3 outpatient injections, one month apart
- No hospitalization, no known major adverse reactions, no immunosuppression, well tolerated
- Precision medicine increased likelihood of clinical & commercial success
- Responder patients easily identified by HLA testing routinely available in US and EU



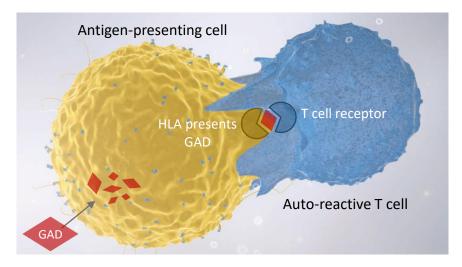
# Diamyd® targets the GADA-first T1D endotype with HLA DR3-DQ2 positivity



#### Response

Selected for Phase 3 trial

**No Response** 

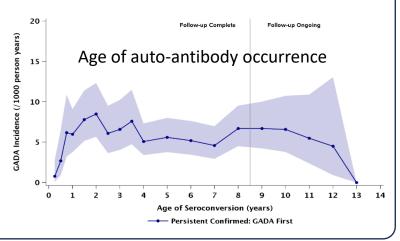


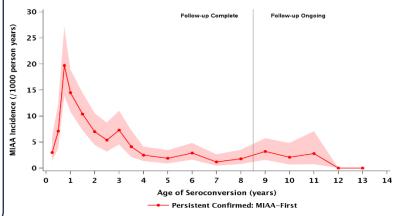
**HLA** is central to autoimmunity against GAD

#### Diamyd® responders

#### **GADA-first disease**

- HLA DR3-DQ2 (40%)
- Adenovirus F
- BACH2
- Likely responders to Diamyd<sup>®</sup>





#### **IAA-first disease**

- HLA DR4-DQ8 (60%)
- Enterovirus B
- INS, PTPN22, UBASH3A
- Likely responders to an insulin-based antigenspecific therapy



# **Acknowledged Precision Medicine approach**

#### **Highlights**

- New medical consensus regarding genetically defined groups of T1D
- Strong case for a precision medicine approach targeting likely responders
- Diamyd Medical's approach is to focus on individuals with GAD antibodies and HLA DR3-DQ2 (40% of US + EU T1D) based on
  - Identification of this responder population in previous clinical trials with Diamyd®
  - A biological rationale as HLA DR3-DQ2 is associated with primary autoimmunity against GAD65 (the active component of Diamyd<sup>®</sup>)

Diabetes Care Volume 43, January 2020



Introducing the Endotype Concept to Address the Challenge of Disease Heterogeneity in Type 1 Diabetes

Diabetes Care 2020;43:5-12 | https://doi.org/10.2337/dc19-0880

Manuela Battaglia, Simi Ahmed, 2 Mark S. Anderson,3 Mark A. Atkinson,4 Dorothy Becker,5 Polly J. Bingley,6 Emanuele Bosi, 1,7 Todd M. Brusko,4 Linda A. DiMeglio,8 Carmella Evans-Molina.9 Stephen E. Gitelman. 10 Carla J. Greenbaum, 11 Peter A. Gottlieb, 12 Kevan C. Herold, 13 Martin J. Hessner, 14 Mikael Knip, 15 Laura Jacobsen, 16 Jeffrey P. Krischer, 17 S. Alice Long, 11 Markus Lundaren, 18 Eoin F. McKinney, 19 Noel G. Morgan, 20,21 Richard A. Oram, 22,23,24 Tomi Pastinen.25 Michael C. Peters, 26 Alessandra Petrelli, 1 Xiaoning Qian,27 Maria J. Redondo,28 Bart O. Roep, 29,30 Desmond Schatz,16 David Skibinski. 11 and Mark Peakman 31,32

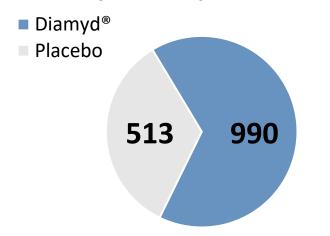
Battaglia et al, Introducing the endotype concept to address the challenge of disease heterogeneity in type 1 diabetes, Diabetes Care, 2020



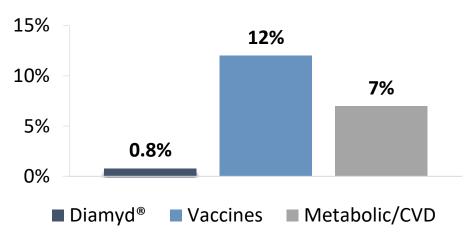
# **Very Good Safety and Tolerability Profile**

No major safety signals in >990 patients exposed to Diamyd<sup>®</sup>. Drop-out rate <1% across 15 clinical trials.

#### **Total patient exposure in 15 trials**



#### Patient drop-out rate in clinical trials



#### **Summary of clinical safety data**

- Most common adverse events: transient tenderness at injection site, injection site edema, mild injection site pain and injection site reaction
- No difference in the rate of occurrence of adverse events between active Diamyd<sup>®</sup> and placebo treatment
- No major safety signals in 15 clinical trials
- <1% drop-out rate across trials</p>
- Assessed in persons aged 4 70 years
- Assessed in persons with T1D, LADA and healthy persons at-risk of developing T1D



# Meta-analysis of 3 pre-2014 Trials Identified Responder Patients

Meta-analysis of 3 randomized controlled clinical trials with subcutaneous Diamyd® conducted before 2014 with >500 individuals identified patients carrying HLA DR3-DQ2 gene as responders

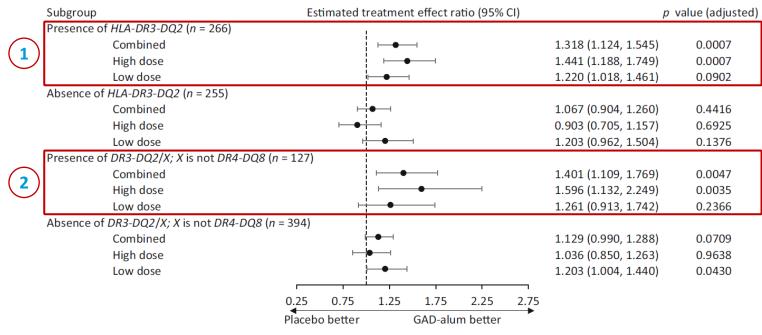
# 44% reduction in C-peptide decline

from Baseline to Month 15 compared to placebo in patients carrying the HLA DR3-DQ2 gene who received 3 or 4 injections of Diamyd®



Hannelius et al. Diabetologia 2020

#### Mixed meal tolerance test (MMTT) stimulated C-peptide



High dose = 3 or 4 injections; Low dose = 2 injections; Combined = 2, 3 or 4 injections

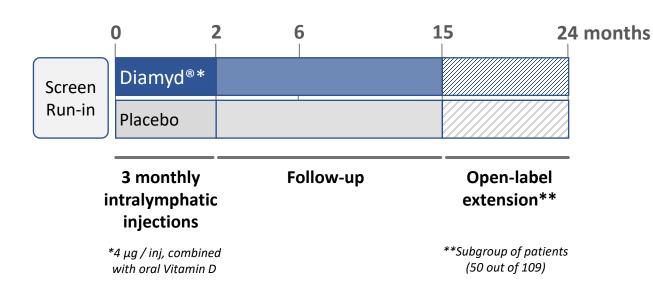
Significant treatment effect in subgroup of patients positive for HLA DR3-DQ2 gene (responder patients)

2 Even larger treatment effect in ca. 50% of responder patients with HLA DR3-DQ2 who lack the HLA DR4-DQ8 gene (super responder patients)

# **DIAGNODE-2** Phase 2b Trial Confirmed Responder Patients

European, multinational, randomized, placebo-controlled, 2-arm trial assessing 3 intralymphatic injections of Diamyd<sup>®</sup> given on top of standard of care

# DIAGNODE-2 DIABETES TRIAL



#### **Primary Endpoint**

 Change from Baseline to Month 15 in Mixed Meal Tolerance Test (MMTT) stimulated C-peptide Area under the Curve

#### **Key Secondary Endpoint**

- Change in Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) between baseline and Month 15
- Change in insulin-dose-adjusted HbA1c (IDAA1c) between Baseline and Month 15
- Change in daily exogenous insulin consumption between Baseline and Month 15

#### **Population**

- Persons diagnosed with T1D less than 6 months ago aged 12-24 years and positive for GAD antibodies
- Residual beta cell function: fasting C-peptide ≥ 0.12 nmol/L
- Pre-specified subgroup added to topline readout before database lock: responder patients with HLA DR3-DQ2 genotype



# **DIAGNODE-2** Phase 2b Trial Confirmed Responder Patients

Diamyd<sup>®</sup> achieved statistically significant preservation of C-peptide secretion, numerical improvement in HbA1c compared to placebo at Month 15 in patients with HLA DR3-DQ2

# 56% reduction in C-peptide decline

from Baseline to Month 15 compared to placebo treatment in patients carrying the HLA DR3-DQ2 gene



Intralymphatic Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase With Vitamin D Supplementation in Recent-Onset Type 1 Diabetes: A Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Phase IIb Trial

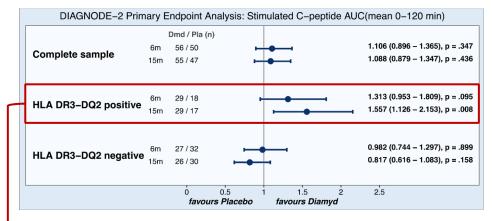
Diabetes Care 2021;44:1–9 | https://doi.org/10.2337/dc21-0318

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Jeanette Wahlberg, <sup>9</sup>
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Fabricia Dietrich, <sup>19</sup> Sara Puente Marin, <sup>19</sup>
Anders Nordlund, <sup>30</sup> Ulf Hannelius, <sup>11</sup> and Rosaura Casas, <sup>19</sup>

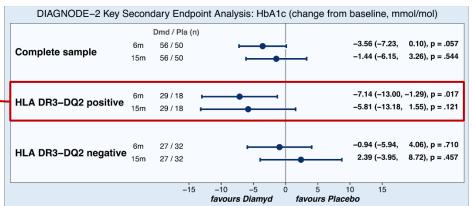
Ludvigsson et al. Diabetes Care 2021

Pre-specified subgroup of patients positive for HLA DR3-DQ2 gene

#### Mixed meal tolerance test (MMTT) stimulated C-peptide



#### **Glycated haemoglobin (HbA1c)**





# **DIAGNODE-2** Phase 2b trial Confirmed Responder Patients

In exploratory analyses, Diamyd® achieved statistically significant benefit on Continuous Glucose Monitoring (CGM) outcomes in patients carrying the HLA DR3-DQ2 responder gene

# Better Time in Range, glycaemic variability, time in severe hyperglycaemia



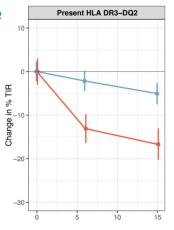
Nowak et al. JCEM 2022



Independent Commentary by Lunati & Fiorina, JCEM 2022

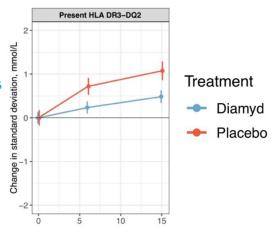
#### **Time in Range**

% change from Baseline to Month 15



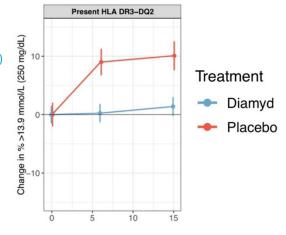
# Glycaemic variability

Change in standard deviation from Baseline to Month 15



# Time in severe hyperglycaemia

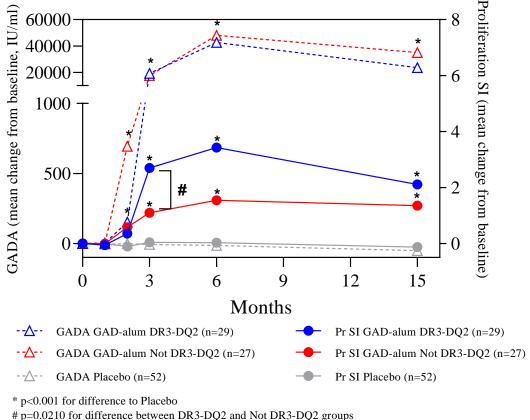
>250 mg/dL (>13.9 mmol/L) % change from Baseline to Month 15

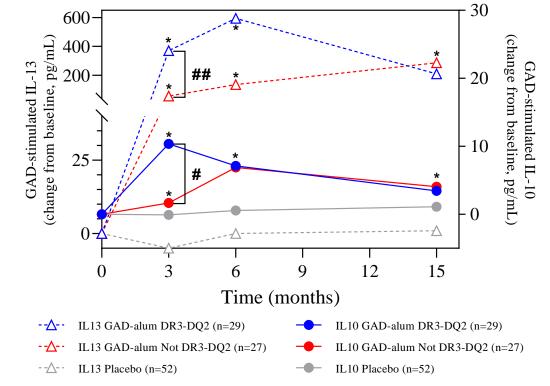




### DIAGNODE-2 Phase 2b trial biomarker data support HLA-specific response

#### GADA, proliferation and cytokine secretion





<sup>\*</sup> p<0.0001 for difference to Placebo

Median change from baseline of anti-GAD65 antibodies (GADA) and Proliferation of PMBC (Stimulation Index, SI) (A), and GAD-stimulated secretion by PBMC of IL-10 and IL-13 levels (B) for GAD-alum treated subjects with and without the DR3-DQ2 haplotype Placebo treatment subjects.

P values, Wilcoxon test, are indicated.

<sup>#</sup> p=0.0095 for difference between DR3-DQ2 and Not DR3-DQ2 groups ## p=0.0080 for difference between DR3-DQ2 and Not DR3-DQ2 groups

# Correlated Diamyd® Treatment Effects on C-peptide and HbA1c

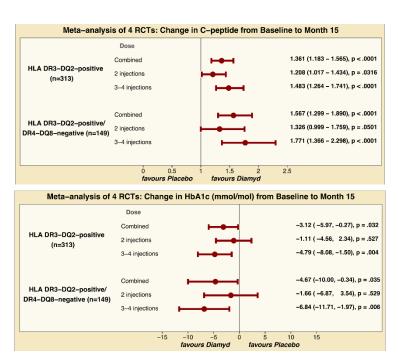
Updated meta-analysis including the Phase 2b trial strengthens conclusion about patients carrying the HLA DR3-DQ2 gene being Diamyd<sup>®</sup> treatment responders and shows correlated treatment effects on C-peptide and HbA1c – the two co-primary endpoints of the Phase 3 trial

# 48% reduction in C-peptide decline, 4.8 mmol/mol (0.5% DCCT units) lower HbA1c

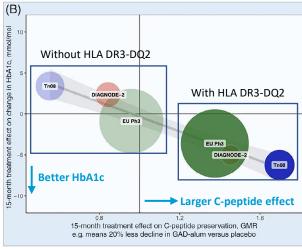
from Baseline to Month 15 compared to placebo in patients carrying the HLA DR3-DQ2 gene who received 3 or 4 injections of Diamyd®



Nowak et al. Diabetes Obesity and Metabolism 2022



#### 3 or 4 doses of Diamyd® vs placebo

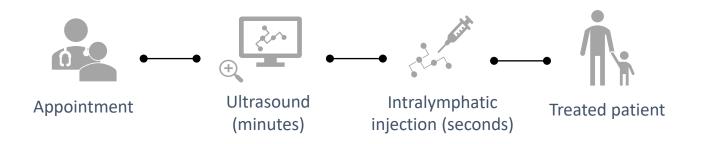


The figure shows individual trial samples of patients with recentonset T1D divided into present/absent HLA DR3-DQ2 who received 3 or 4 injections of Diamyd® or placebo. It is shows a correlation between larger treatment benefit on C-peptide (x-axis; further to the right means larger benefit of Diamyd® over placebo) and lower HbA1c (y-axis, further negative means lower HbA1c and larger benefit of Diamyd® over placebo). All effects refer to change from Baseline to Month 15.



# Ultrasound-guided intralymphatic injection

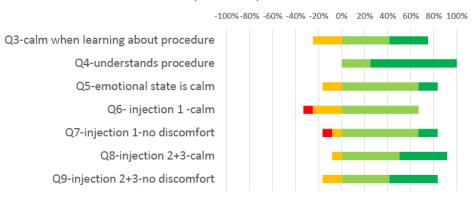
### Quick, low-key outpatient procedure with discomfort comparable to venepuncture



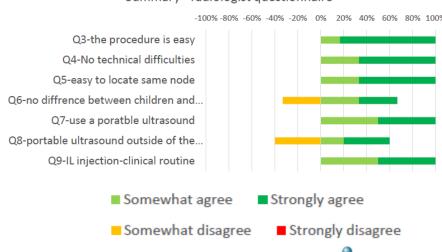
- Procedure performed by a radiologist or trained professional
- Strong interest from endocrinologists to learn the procedure: traditionally "underpaid" specialisty in US; eager to add utrasound training to procedural skillset; potential for certification and collaboration with US endocrinology societies
- Three ultrasound guided injections in a groin lymph node, one month apart
- **Safe** procedure, assessed in 12-28-year-old (DiaPrecise prevention trial will enrol Stage 1/2 children down to 8 years of age)
- Pain level equal to taking a blood sample

#### **HCP feedback in DIAGNODE-2**





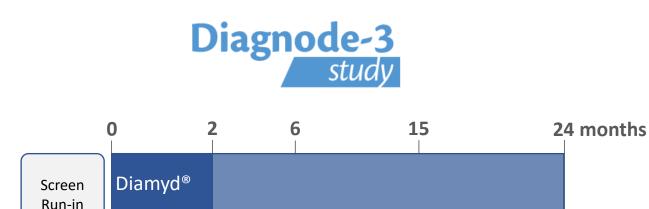
#### Summary - radiologist questionnaire





### **DIAGNODE-3 Pivotal Precision Medicine Phase 3 trial**

Multinational (EU + US), randomized, placebo-controlled, 2-arm trial assessing 3 intralymphatic injections of Diamyd® given on top of standard of care. Designed based on Phase 2b trial in alignment with FDA and EMA. Enrolling only likely responder patients carrying the HLA DR3-DQ2 gene.



3 monthly intralymphatic injections

Placebo

2:1 rand.

Combined with oral
Vitamin D in both arms

#### Follow-up

Blinded interim analysis sample size re-estimation results based on 100 patients completing the 6-Month assessment expected in H2 2024 (possibility of adding futility/efficacy interim analysis read-out currently being assessed)

#### **Co-Primary Endpoints**

- Stimulated C-peptide area under the curve, change from Baseline to Month 24 in Mixed Meal Tolerance Test (MMTT)
- HbA1c, change from Baseline to Month 24

#### **Secondary Endpoints**

- Time in glycemic target range 3.9-10 mmol/L (70-180 mg/dL) assessed by CGM, change from Baseline to Month 24
- Proportion of patients with insulin dose-adjusted HbA1c (IDAA1c) ≤9 (partial remission) at Month 24
- Number of episodes per patient of severe hypoglycemia between Baseline and Month 24
- Number of episodes per patient of diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA) between Baseline and Month 24

#### **Population**

- Persons diagnosed with T1D less than 6 months ago aged 12-29 years who are positive for GAD antibodies and positive for HLA DR3-DQ2
- Residual beta cell function: fasting C-peptide ≥ 0.12 nmol/L

### **DIAGNODE-3** Pivotal Precision Medicine Phase 3 trial

#### Ongoing at just over 50 clinical sites in Europe



Ongoing at around a dozed clinical sites in the US



# In partnership with

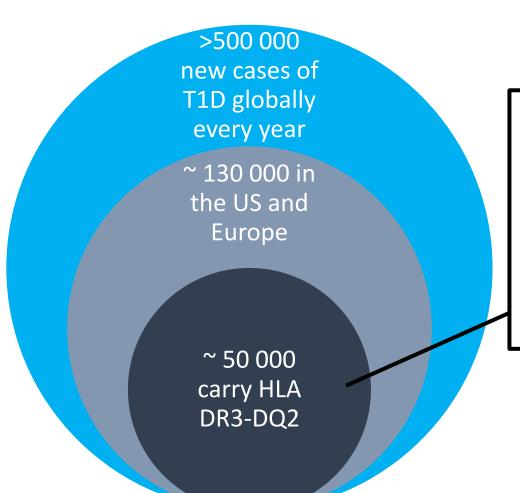


www.diagnode-3.com



# Multibillion total addressable market for Diamyd®

Lead indication (Phase 3): treatment of clinical Type 1 Diabetes

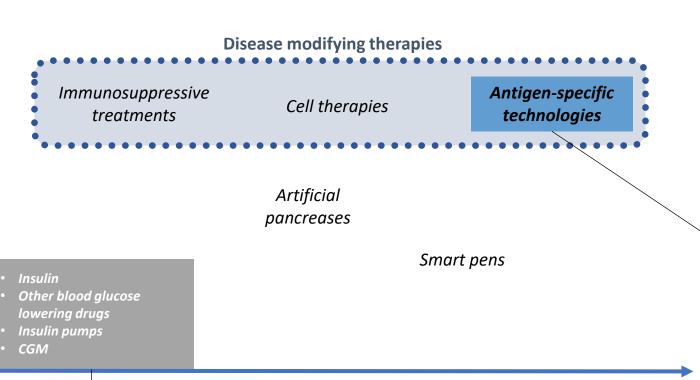


- Estimated pricing in US based on US payer interviews \$194,000 - \$240,000 USD per baseline treatment
- Market for Stage 3 T1D with HLA DR3-DQ2 in US alone > \$5Bn



# POSITION DIAMYD® TO MAXIMIZE EFFICACY, SAFETY, CONVENIENCE





Convenience, Safety

Added value compared to standard of care

The current **standard treatment** for type 1 diabetes is life-sustaining, subcutaneous deliveries of insulin by injection or pump therapy, combined with continuous glucose monitoring (CGM). In addition to non-insulin anti-diabetic drugs and aids, such as artificial pancreases and smart insulin pens to help patients manage their condition, therapies targeting the underlying causes of the disease are also being developed.

Antigen-specific immunotherapy with Diamyd® targets the body's immune system by reprogramming it to stop attacking the insulin-producing cells. This treatment has the potential for long-term efficacy. Compared with other technologies under development often requiring hospitalization, the diabetes vaccine Diamyd® displays an excellent safety profile and is a fast and easy treatment.



# Latent Autoimmune Diabetes in Adults (LADA)\*

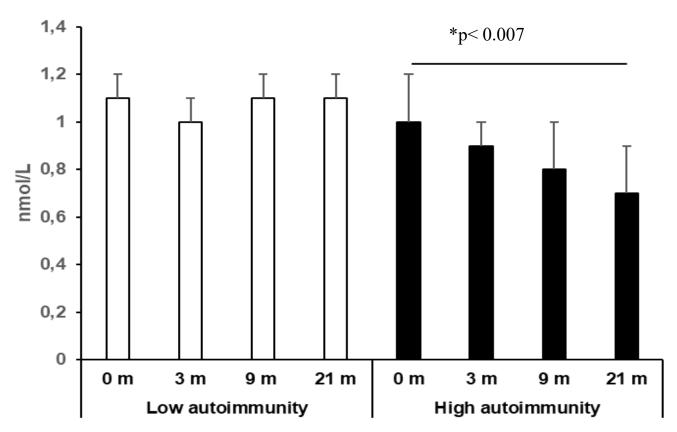
\*Also called Slowly progressing Autoimmune Diabetes (SAID) or Slowly progressing insulindependent diabetes mellitus (SPIDDM)



# **Background**

In highly autoimmune LADA individuals: treatment that directly targets autoimmunity is needed

Glucagon-stimulated C-peptide (mean ± SEM)

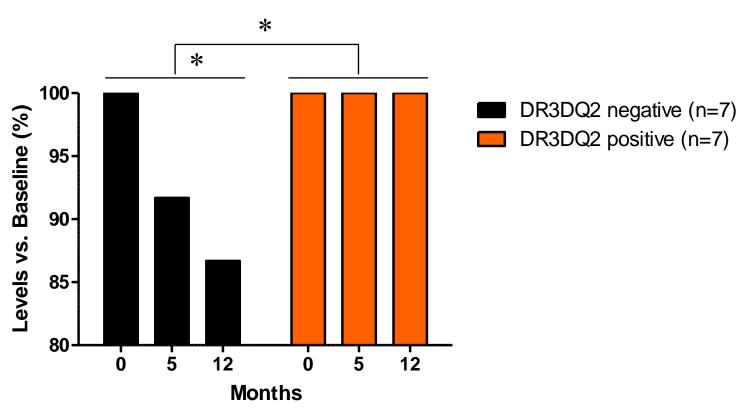


Hals IK, Fiskvik Fleiner H, Reimers N, Astor MC, Filipsson K, Ma Z, Grill V, Björklund A. Investigating optimal 6-cell-preserving treatment in latent autoimmune diabetes in adults: Results from a 21-month randomized trial. Diabetes Obes Metab. 2019 Oct

# Glucagon-stimulated C-peptide levels unchanged at 12 months vs Baseline (0 months) in the HLA-DR3DQ2 positive subgroup

Phase 2 trial with Diamyd in up to 70 year-old LADA patients

#### **Glucagon-stimulated C-peptide**



<sup>\*</sup>p< 0.03 for median 13.3% reduction at 12 months vs. Baseline (0 months) in the DR3DQ2 negative subgroup (n=7).

<sup>\*</sup>p< 0.04 for difference between HLA subgroups in change at 12 months vs. Baseline (0 months).

# **Conclusions**

- Treatment with intralymphatic GAD is well tolerated in LADA individuals no safety concerns
- GAD-induced immune responses appear compatible with those in studies with Type 1 Diabetes
- Results on C-peptide suggest an HLA-dependent beneficial effect akin to Type 1 Diabetes

#### Also see

- Latent Autoimmune Diabetes in Adults: Background, Safety and Feasibility of an Ongoing Pilot Study With Intra-Lymphatic Injections of GAD-Alum and Oral Vitamin D, Björklund et al, Front Endocrinol, 2022
- A 1-year pilot study of intralymphatic injections of GAD-alum in individuals with latent autoimmune diabetes in adults (LADA) with signs of high immunity: No safety concerns and resemblance to juvenile type 1 diabetes, Hals et al, Diabetes, Obes Metab. 2023
- Press release: Updated results from clinical trial with Diamyd® presented today at diabetes conference



# Type 1 Diabetes prevention (Stage 1 & 2)





Press Release, November 7, 2023

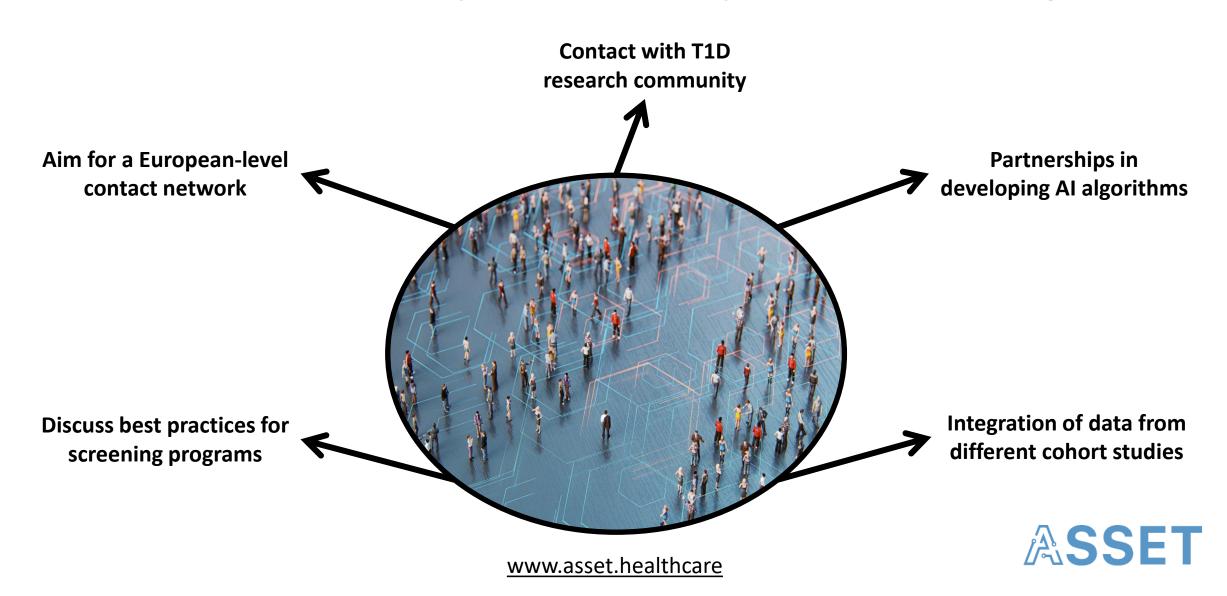
# Diamyd Medical partners with DiaUnion to recruit participants for Type 1 diabetes prevention trial

Diamyd Medical has entered into a collaboration agreement with DiaUnion, a center of excellence in type 1 diabetes, to identify participants for the DiaPrecise trial, an open-label trial evaluating the safety, feasibility and immune response of intralymphatic injections of Diamyd<sup>®</sup> in children at risk of developing type 1 diabetes who also carry the HLA DR3-DQ2 genotype. The DiaPrecise trial has been initated and is ongoing at the Department of Clinical Sciences at Lund University, Malmö, with Markus Lundgren M.D., PhD, as the Principal Investigator.



# DIAMYD MEDICAL COORDINATES THE ASSET MILIEU

A T1D Forum to drive precision medicine, prevention and screening



### **ABOUT ASSET**

The innovation milieu ASSET (AI for Sustainable Prevention of Autoimmunity in the Society – www.asset.healthcare) will develop and evaluate new algorithms based on AI to be able to assess the individual risk of developing Type 1 Diabetes (T1D), and the likelihood of responding to different treatments. Data from cohort studies such as TEDDY (The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young), from Diamyd Medical's clinical trials with Diamyd® and from sources such as the National Diabetes Registry will consitute the initial training dataset for the algorithm. T1D will form the pilot project for the program, but the goal is extend the functionality to other indications including other autoimmune diseases that are strongly linked to T1D such as celiac disease (gluten intolerance) and autoimmune thyroiditis (inflammatory disease of the thyroid gland). The prediction algorithm will be evaluated in clinical prevention trials where individuals at high risk for type 1 diabetes will be treated preventively with the diabetes vaccine Diamyd<sup>®</sup>. In parallel, ASSET will study organizational, economic, and legal prerequisites and consequences of applying the approach as a tool for precision health in the Swedish health care system. The project has a duration of five years and is financed via the Swedish innovation agency VINNOVA.













# ASSET publication on using AI for T1D screening published in Diabetologia and highlighted by EASD e-Learning

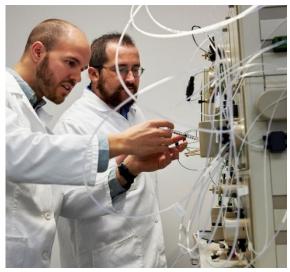








# Diamyd Medical is building a biomanufacturing plant for GMP commercial scale production of rhGAD65









# Commercial-scale production of rhGAD65 planned to be ready for BLA/MAA and market entry

- 20,000 square feet facility in Umeå, Northern Sweden, comprising clean rooms, laboratory facilities and office space
- Manufacturing facility property fully acquired in 2022
- Full control over the manufacturing of recombinant GAD65
  - Independence from CDMOs, third parties
  - In control of costs and resource allocation
  - Potential beyond GAD manufacturing



# **Full Control and Predictability of the Manufacturing Process**

Diamyd Medical's Umeå facility uses the Baculovirus Expression Vector System (BEVS) in the complex manufacturing process of recombinant human GAD65 protein

Upstream process

Downstream process



Baculovirus expression system & insect cells



Clarification
Capture
Polish
Nanofiltration



**Drug Product formulation** 





### DIAMYD® IP & MARKET EXCLUSIVITY



#### **Core Intellectual Property**

- Substance of matter in the US until 2032
- Intralymphatic administration of Diamyd® in Europe, Japan, China, Australia, Russia and Canada, additional countries pending, expiry 2035.
- Intralymphatic administration of additional betacell antigens (proinsulin, preproinsulin etc) approved in Australia, Israel, additional countries pending.
- **Precision medicine patent** based on HLA subgroups approved in Europe, Eurasia and South Korea, expiry **2035**, additional countries pending.



#### Regulatory exclusivity

- US BLA approval provides 12 years exclusivity
- US orphan designation provides **7 years exclusivity** from approval
- European approval provides **10 years of exclusivity**
- US Fast Track designation → potential for **priority review**, **rolling review**



#### **Modified Release GABA**

#### **Primary Indication**

Type 1 diabetes

#### **Label expansion**

LADA, Insulin-deficient type 2 diabetes

#### **Mechanism of Action**

Activate GABA-receptors in the pancreas

#### **Clinical Effect**

- Regenerate endogenous insulin production, reduce shortand long-term complications
- Prevention of hypoglycemia

#### **Mode of Administration**

Oral

#### **Development status**

Phase Ib/IIa

#### **Licensing Status**

Global rights available

# Remygen®





# Clinical results with attractive path to market for Remygen®

- Phase lb/lla first in man trial
  - ReGenerate-1 at the University of Uppsala where Remygen® (proprietary formulation of GABA) alone and in combination with low-dose alprazolam (GABA receptor modulator to enhance effect, see next slide) evaluated in long-standing type 1 diabetes patients
  - <u>Clinical effects</u> (Phase Ib dose-escalation) shown on <u>preventing hypoglycemia by</u> correcting the counter regulatory hormone response and increasing time-in-range in long-term type 1 diabetes (published), potential trend for acute effect of Remygen shown in Phase IIa (further data analyses ongoing).
  - Long-term safety of all doses of GABA as well as combination with low-dose Alprazolam
- Clinical effects of GABA (non-proprietary formulation) shown on decreasing glucagon secretion in recent-onset type 1 diabetes and immunological effects shown on altering Th1 response
- Preclinical effects on insulin secretion, glucagon secretion and beta cell regeneration
- Endogenous substance with very good safety profile







Article

#### GABA and Combined GABA with GAD65-Alum Treatment Alters Th1 Cytokine Responses of PBMCs from Children with Recent-Onset Type 1 Diabetes

Katie E. Heath <sup>1,†</sup>, Joseph M. Feduska <sup>1,†</sup>, Jared P. Taylor <sup>1</sup>, Julie A. Houp <sup>2</sup>, Davide Botta <sup>1</sup>, Frances E. Lund <sup>1</sup>, Gail J. Mick <sup>3</sup>, Gerald McGwin, Jr. <sup>4</sup>, Kenneth L. McCormick <sup>3</sup> and Hubert M. Tse <sup>5,\*</sup>

Open access Original research

BMJ Open Diabetes Research & Care

#### GABA induces a hormonal counterregulatory response in subjects with long-standing type 1 diabetes

Daniel Espes <sup>1</sup>, <sup>1,2</sup> Hanna Liljebäck, <sup>3,4</sup> Henrik Hill, <sup>5</sup> Andris Elksnis, <sup>3</sup> José Caballero-Corbalan, <sup>4</sup> Per-Ola Carlsson<sup>3,4</sup>

#### nature communications

9

Article

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-35544-3

A randomized trial of oral gamma aminobutyric acid (GABA) or the combination of GABA with glutamic acid decarboxylase (GAD) on pancreatic islet endocrine function in children with newly diagnosed type 1 diabetes

Received: 27 October 2021

Accepted: 6 December 2022

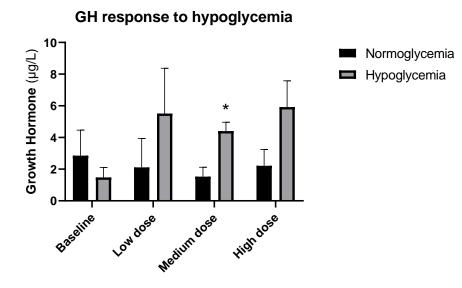
Alexandra Martin<sup>1,4</sup>, Gail J. Mick ® <sup>1,4</sup> ⊠, Heather M. Choat ® <sup>1</sup>, Alison A. Lunsford ® <sup>1</sup>, Hubert M. Tse ® <sup>2</sup>, Gerald G. McGwin Jr. <sup>3</sup>

Kenneth L. McCormick ® 1 ⊠

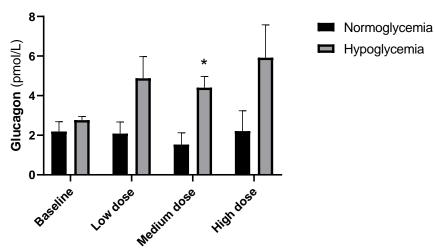
Published online: 24 December 2022



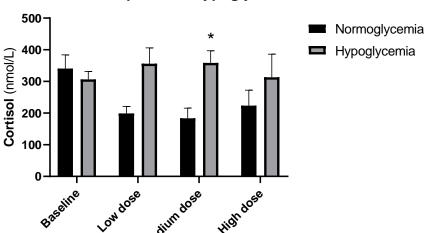
#### GABA TREATMENT IMPROVES THE HORMONAL RESPONSE TO HYPOGLYCEMIA



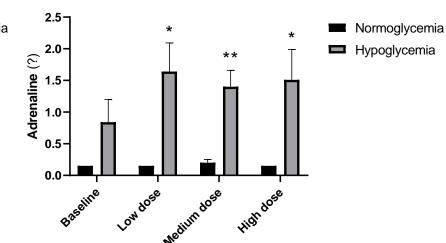
#### Glucagon response to hypoglycemia



Cortisol response to hypoglycemia



#### Adrenaline response to hypoglycemia



Comparisions between noro- and hypoglycemia for the respective group using a multiple T-test with p-values corrected for multiple testing using the Holm-Sidak method.

\* denotes p<0.05, \*\* <0.01
Values are given as mean±SEM



### REMYGEN® MARKET EXCLUSIVITY AND MANUFACTURING



#### **Core Intellectual Property**

- Exclusive license from UCLA on treating diabetes and other inflammatory diseases with GABA
- Formulation patent application (Remygen®). Application in national phase.
- Exclusive license from UCLA on GABA in combination with GABA receptor modulators to enhance the regenerative and immunomodulatry effect. Application in national phase.



#### **Regulatory exclusivity**

• 505(b)(2) regulatory pathway in the US provides potentially faster time to market at reduced cost



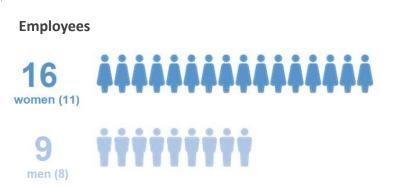
#### Manufacturing

GMP drug substance (GABA) and drug product (Remygen®) manufacturing in place





# Organization



Management women (2)

men (4)

women (2)

**Board** 

men (4)

12 of

as a proportion of employees

### Management



Dr. Ulf Hannelius, PhD, MBA President & Chief Executive Officer



Martina Widman, MSc **Chief Operating Officer** 



Anna Styrud, BSc **Chief Financial Officer** 



**Anton Lindqvist, MSc** Chief Scientific Officer



Dr. Maja Johansson, PhD Chief Operating Officer – Manufacturing Site



Dr. Christoph Nowak, MD, PhD Chief Medical and Business Officer

#### **Board of Directors**



Anders Essen-Möller, MSc Chairman, Founder



Erik Nerpin, LL.M. Vice Chairman



Maria-Teresa Essen-Möller, MSc



Dr. Torbjörn Backström, MD, PhD



Dr. Mark Atkinson, PhD



Dr. Karin Hehenberger, MD, **PhD** 



Dr. Karin Rosén, MD, PhD

# **Scientific Advisory Board**



Professor Dr. Mark Atkinson, PhD (Chair)



Professor Dr. David Leslie, MB BS, MRCS, MD, FRCP, FAoP University of London



Professor Dr. Åke Lernmark, MD, PhD **Lund University** 



Professor Dr. Daniel Kaufman, PhD **UCLA School of Medicine** 



# TOP WORLDWIDE EXPERTS

#### Covering the areas of clinical practice and scientific excellence in Type 1 Diabetes and



Prof. Johnny Ludvigsson

Professor of Pediatrics. First in the world to use immune intervention in children and teenagers with newly diagnosed T1D, and in collaboration with others

64kD was found. An alumformulation of GAD was developed (Diamyd®), used as a treatment in an effort to deviate the immune system and create tolerance.



Prof. David Leslie

Professor of Diabetes and Autoimmunity. Professor Leslie has been Director of the British Diabetic Twin Study since 1982, the world's largest twin study of its type and Principal Investigator of the European Action LADA consortium. By studying twins, Professor Leslie has been able to show the possibilities for predicting and preventing autoimmune diabetes.



Prof. Åke Lernmark

Professor in Experimental
Diabetes Research, Professor
Lernmark has focused his
research on diabetes and at an
early stage identified the
antigen that later proved to be
GAD. He and his colleagues
were the first to clone GAD65
from human islets using
biochemical methods and was
thus the first to define
autoantibodies against GAD65
in patients with type 1 diabetes.



Prof. Daniel Kaufman

Professor Kaufman's research is focused on studies in the field of autoimmunity, particularly type 1 diabetes (T1D) and understanding the disease mechanisms in order to develop novel therapeutics in mouse models that could potentially be translated to clinical use. Using preclinical models, Dr. Kaufman's lab helped to develop some of the GAD and GABA-based diagnostics and therapeutics for T1D that are in clinical use or are being tested in clinical trials.



Prof. Mark A. Atkinson

Professor of Diabetes Research,
Department of Pathology,
Immunology and Laboratory
Medicine, University of Florida,
USA. American Diabetes
Association Eminent Scholar for
Diabetes Research. Director, UF
Diabetes Institute, University of
Florida. Independent of the
Company and its principal
owners.

Diamyd Medical Board member.



#### **DIAMYD MEDICAL**

- Swedish clinical phase pharmaceutical company, founded 1994
- NASDAQ First North Growth Market, ticker DMYD B

#### **FINANCES**

- Market Cap Jun 28, 2024 ~ MSEK 1 400
- Cash May 31, 2023: MSEK 162

#### **INDICATIONS**

- Diabetes
- Autoimmunity

#### **PRODUCT CANDIDATES**

- Diamyd® (Phase III)
- Remygen® (Phase Ib/IIa)

#### **INVESTMENTS**

- NextCell Pharma (Stockholm, Sweden)
- MainlyAl (Stockholm, Sweden)



